TOO SLOW FOR THE POWERS. MENEWAL OF THE REQUEST FOR AN

THE PORTE APPARENTLY IN NO HURRY TO CRASE HOSTILITIES-MAY NOT TAKE AC-TION UNTIL DOMOKO IS CAPTURED

ARMISTICE.

-FRESH ORDERS TO EDHEM Constantinople, May 13 .- The foreign Ambasadors held another conference to-day, after which Baron de Calice, the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador, called upon Tewfik Pacha, the Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs, and renewed the proposal of an armistice which was presented yesterday. The opinion is general in Turkish circles that until the occupation of Domoke, which is momentarily expected, the Porte

cannot grant an armistice. London, May 14 .- The correspondent of "The Standard" at Constantinople says:

"Edhem Pacha has telegraphed to the Porte that he is quite certain of being able to capture Domoko and the Greek Army as well, and in response pressing orders have been sent to the Turkish staff to go ahead with the greatest energy, regardless of diplomacy.

"General military preparations continue here on the largest scale."

A dispatch to "The Times" from Athens confirms the report that the inaction of the Turkish Army is due to the intervention of Russia.

The situation at the scene of hostilities appears to be that Turkey is determined to occupy Domoke before consenting to an armistice, and that Greece is convinced of the impossibility of holding out against the serious attack which Edhem Pacha is preparing to deliver.

It has been decided to evacuate Domoko and to fall back upon the old frontier. This plan will probably be carried out to-morrow, if it has not already been carried out, and thus the way will be opened for peace negotiations.

WILL NEVER PAY AN INDEMNITY. EN-PREMIER DELYANNIS SAYS SUCH A PROPOSAL WOU'D BE REJECTED.

Athens, May 13 .- In the course of an interview to-day M. Delyannis, the former Premier, criticised the evacuation of Crete without compensation, and declared that Greece would never psy indemnity to Turkey. He added: "If any such proposal is submitted to the Legislative Assembly it will certainly be rejected."

UPRISING IN MACEDONIA. INSURGENTS SAID TO BE ADVANCING ON ELAS-BONA.

London, May 14 .- A dispatch to "The Daily Chronicle" from Athens says that Greeks who have arrived there from Damia report a Macedonia rising in the district between Salfde and Koziani; while "The Times," an Athens evening paper, states that there has been a rising in Central Macedonia, that four thousand insur-gents have captured the pass forming a part of the principal line of communications of the Turkish Army, that they are advancing toward Elas-sona, and are preparing to unite forces with the bands under Davell, Zermas and other Mace-

MARCHING ON KALAMBAKA. TURKISH FORCES CONVERGING ON THE THES-SALIAN CITY.

Constantinople, May 13.-An official dispatch from Larissa, dated from that place yesterday, announces that six battalions of Turkish infantry from the east and from Larissa, four battalions from Diskata and four battalions from Janina, are marching on Kalambaka, north-west of Trikhala, where they will shortly be joined by the Turkish armies from Janina and

THE FEAST OF BAIRAN BEGUN. MILLING SHEEP AND GENERAL REJOICING AMONG THE MUSSULMANS.

London, May 13 .- The correspondent of "Tha Dily Mail" at Larissa telegraphs, under yesterday's date, as follows:

"The feast of Bairan has begun, and there will be no military operations except when necessary. Edhem Pacha has caused sheep to be killed, according to the Turkish custom, and has visited the generals in the vicinity. The troops fired a feu-de-jole. The Mussulmans and their families are celebrating the feast with enthuslasm, as marking their release from for-tign domination, each head of a family killing a sheep with his own hand. The rich are keep-ing open house, and the Mussulmans are prome-nading the streets in gala dress."

TO EVACUATE DOMOKO. REPORT THAT THE GREEKS HAVE ARRIVED AT THIS DECISION.

London, May 14.-The correspondent of "The Morning Post" at Domoko, under yesterday's date, says: "It has been decided to evacuate this position

and a large number of troops have already left. It is freely asserted that the war is over. I am about to start for Athens."

THE CAPTURED TURKISH STEAMER. TAKEN TO ATHENS, WHERE SHE IS TREATED AS A PRIZE OF WAR.

London, May 14.—The Athens correspondent of

"The Daily Telegraph" says:

"M. Ralli, who visited the captured Turkish steamer Georgios on her arrival here, informed me that the Government has decided to treat the vessel as a prize of war and to utilize her as a transport ship. Mabrouk Fahmy, Ibrahim

Roushdi, Abdullah Fekri and Ahmed Hamoud, all of whom are officers of the Khedive's household, denied that they had any knowledge that there were arms aboard, and declared that they believed the boxes contained preserves, as they were so disguised. Later, however, Abdullah admitted that he knew the contents of the boxes. but said there was no intention to use them against the Greek Army, as they were designed to pacify the disaffected population of the island Ralli gave instructions that they be taken

"M. Raili gave instructions that they be taken to Mauplion as prisoners and to be well treated. They all testified to the kindness of their captors. "I accompanied him on board after they had left and had a delightful moonlight sail. We visited the Admiral of the American frontled Ean Francisco before returning to Athens."

A GREEK BLOCKADE.

THE GULFS OF VOLO AND SALONICA SEALED UP. London, May 13 .- A telegram received here from Athens to-day says the Greek fleet has established a blockade of the Gulf of Volo. Salonica, May 13.-The Greek squadron is

watching the coast from Platamona to the Gulf of Volo, and it is said the Greek warships are ulso blockading the Gulf of Salonica. A British steamer, bound for Salonica, has been prevented from entering the gulf.

GREEKS BESIEGE COAST TOWNS. THEIR FORCES ATTACK NICOPOLIS AND PREVESA

IN EPIRUS. Athens, May 13 .- According to dispatches just received here the Greek forces are besieging Nicopolis and Prevesa.

London, May 14.—The Athens correspondent

of "The Daily Chronicle" says: "Another Greek force under Colonel Botzaris advancing from Louros to co-operate with

Colonel Bairactarls.
"Prevesa is closely besieged by land and being bombarded from the sea. It is reported that an attempt will be made to take it by storm."

The Athens correspondent of "The Daily Telegraph"

graph" says: There has been no real attack by the Greek fleet upon Prevesa, but only a bombardment to facilitate the landing of troops. The Turkish fortresses at Nicopolis and Prevesa fired now on or the fleet and now landward, proving that the freek army is advancing. Ore afternoon Helen Constantinidis entered the engagement. Telegraphic communications have been cut between Prevesa and Janina, and the Turks have retired to Palalocastro.

Greek gunners destroyed several convoys

MILITARY ACTIVITY AT ATHENS. THE GOVERNMENT CONTINUES TO SEND MEN TO THE FRONT.

London, May 14 .- The Athens correspondent

of "The Daily Mail" says that the Government

continues to send men to the front, and is purchasing large quantities of war material. The Government has proclaimed the Gulf of Volo blockaded.

It is sending large orders for horses and muni tions of war to various European cities.

A dispatch to "The Times" from Domoko dated Wednesday, reports the increased activity of the Foreign Legion, which has been ordered to proceed to the left flank of the Greek army near Lake Tynias. This is regarded as an indication of the point of danger. It is also posdication of the point of danger. It is also pos-sible, thinks the correspondent, that they have been sent to cover the retreat of the army to the

old frontier.

Colonel Biaractaris and a brigade has been ordered to go to Epirus to protect the Greek peasantry against Turkish cruelty.

WITH THE TURKISH ARMY.

SCENES AND INCIDENTS AMONG THE

ALBANIAN VOLUNTEERS.

ALBANIAN VOLUNTEERS.

Soravitch correspondence of The London News, April 26.

It takes rather a large map to give a view of Soravitch, but it is an important point on all maps at this time. Here is the end of the railway line of supplies to the Turkish Army, This single line of road, because of the Weakness of the Turkish Navy, sends relief to the Turkish Army, and when one still sees what an enormous force is being sent over it, one cannot but wonder why the Greek Navy has not disabled it before. It runs in many places just along the seashore before reaching Salonica. Now all regular or mail trains are discontinued, and special military trains, carrying thousands of soldiers daily, go at all hours of the day and night. That this enormous army is poured into Thessaly and Epirus seems full evidence that the Turkish Government does not consider the war at an end. Over this line are being sent, not only a great army of soldiers, but horses, carriages for use as ambulances (Salonica has lost all her "arabahs"), supplies, commissary and arsenal, and an army of war correspondents. These last, among whom I have been for nearly a week pushing to the front, do not seem of much avail. It was known from the beginning that a strict censorship would cause all telegrams to read very much alike, but not one expected the recent additional hardships imposed.

A letter received at Salonica from a correspondent at the front said that for five days all telegrams were suppressed, and he mailed some, beging that they be sent from Salonica. Added to this, the mails now run so irregularly that even the more reliable letters are apt to wait for days on the way. For days there have been no means of transportation from Salonica for even all of the Red Crescent ambulance supplies, and wounded men are being sent all the way to Salonica for medical assistance.

We expect to reach the front, or what we now know as the front, Luciessa, from here in thirty-six hours, particularly as we shall be able to go in carriages sent as ambulances. The m Soravitch correspondence of The London News

mained in the arsenal at Saionica, and now they are being given out at the rate of at least 500 per day.

At the station the largest crowds were gathered about the Albanian dancers, who, with very rude drums and fifes, were performing what may perhaps be an ordinary dance of peace, but what was in truth for all the world like a North American Indian war dance. The drums were great barrel affairs, like the famous drums of the Janissaries in the church of St. Irene, in Constantinople, and gave out a dull sound, which spread heavily over all the neighborhood. The dancers, all men, joined hands and followed a leader. This leader danced very gracefully, in good time, and waved in his free hand a handkerchief. The steps were like those of a modern skirt-dancer, mostly of a gavotte character, with toes turned down and the head bent far to the back. It is said that this dance is now going on all over Albania, and is also a leading diversion in some portions of the army. Another bright color spot at the Salonica station was the crowds of Jewish women, with their peculiar head-dresses—bands of red and liliac low across the forehead, and the hair hung behind in a green silk hag, tringed and embroidered in pearl beads. I learned on inquiry that very many Jewish boys had volunteered, and these were femalo relatives to bid them goodly. Jews, it seems, are not pressed into the service, but are accepted as volunteers. There were much weeping and embracing as the time for departure approached. Crowds would gather around and jeer at every sad group. One old mother went out among the troops several times and led out her son, beseching him not to leave her. His sisters added their walling appeals. But he would hear none of them, and broke away each time, running to regain his company. One young and very pretty wife, with a gapeals. But he would hear none of them, and broke away each time, running to regain his company. One young and very pretty wife, with a particular and head to be carried away by her friends.

after marriage—clung tightly around her husband's neck for some minutes, and, when he finally threw her from him, feil helpless in the dust and had to be carried away by her friends.

The soldiers are of all ages, ranging from boys who seem to be about thirteen years old to men of at least fifty. There are also a number of little boys under ten, fully uniformed, evidently accompanying their fathers.

This scene, full of life, was in very marked comparison to the streets, where the great distress of the Greek subjects is everywhere evident. Not only are heads of families arrested and imprisoned, but the wives and children are evicted into the streets and are everywhere crying for assistance. There was a scheme inaugurated, either officially or otherwise, by which for the payment of £5 or £9 the Greek would be allowed to remain. This was put into operation in many cases, the fees collected and then the order reversed. In fact, the conduct of the local authorities was such that the day after I left there was to be a meeting of the Consuls to protest against it.

of the local authorities was such that the day atter of the local authorities was such that the day atter I left there was to be a meeting of the Consuls to protest against it. Then, too, there is constant fear of massacre. The city is filled with Bashi-Bazouks, and they are so lawlessly enthusiastic over the war as to be a constant menace. The local government in this regard is taking every possible precaution. The streets are well patrolled, and the Vali is even promptly acceding to all requests made to him by the Consuls in the line of preventing disturbances. But if the consulative expected Greek fleet should make its appearance in the bay, there is little doubt that things would go hard with the Greeks of Salonica. Even those denaturalized are in danger, and one or two prominent Greek citizens have received letters threatening assassination.

The great Ghazi Osman is still the object of all attention. On Tuesday afternoon I saw him walking along the busiest part of the streets, having along the busiest part of the streets, having left his carriage to follow, and all along the crowds saluted with the salaam and the peculiar low grunting Turkish cheer. He looks in excellent health and thoroughly strong for his age, fully able to take active command if necessary.

The road from Salonica here is blocked all along with military trains, and our train progressed very slowly. They tell us here that the whole country is infested with deserters from the Turkish army, and that on our ride to the seat of war we must remain most alert and careful.

NOTES OF THE STAGE.

The following bill will be presented at the Bishop The following bill will be presented at the Bishop benefit this afternoon at the Empire Theatre: Felix Morris and Miss Annie Russell, in Mrs. Minnie Maddern Fiske's play "The Rose"; Miss Lillian Russeil, who will sing Emil Bach's song, "The Roses"; J. E. Dodson, in a monologue: Chauncey Olcott, Joseph Jefferson, in the gravedigger scene from "Hamlet," and E. H. Sothern, in his monologue, "I Love, Thou Lovest, He Loves."

Justice Smyth in the Supreme Court yesterday committed Frank Percy Weadon, the business committed Frank Percy weadon, the business manager of the Bostonians, to Bloomingdale Asylum, on the application of his wife. Mr. Weadon was sent to Believue Hospital a few days ago, and Drs. Fitch and Wildman certified that he was suffering from a mild form of dementia, and a sojourn at Bloomingdale might restore him.

A new refrigerating plant, for the summer campaign, has been put into the Knickerbocker Theatre. It is capable of supplying a fabulous number of cubic feet of cold air every minute.

Miss Della Fox last night sang her part in "The Wedding Day" at the Casino.

WHERE THE POOR HELP THEMSELVES. The industrial settlement, known as Hartley House, No. 413 West Forty-sixth-st., managed by the New-York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, is proving successful in giving employment to poor women, who, being without regular occupation, would otherwise be forced to

beg for a living; but great difficulty is experienced in obtaining a sufficient quantity of second-hand material in clothing, rags, ribbons, trimmings, etc., to keep them fully employed. An appeal is made

to keep them fully employed. An appeal is made for cast-off clothing for this charity, which, while it relieves, does not pauperize, as the recipients of its hounty have to give an equivalent in labor.

Thousands of families are making preparations to leave the city for the summer, and wardrobes are generally overhauled, with the result that innumerable half-worn garments are thrown away. A postal card sent to Miss H. F. Greene, No. 413 West Forty-sixth-st., saying that such goods may be had will at once receive attention. The women workers receive instruction in sewing, etc.; a free bath, if desired; hot luncheon and groceries worth about 50 cents, for a day's work. A new feature has been added—a weekly meeting of the mothers of poor children. They are received socially, entertained, provided with tea and cakes, made by the children who attend the cooking school, and are addressed by medical men on domestic hygiene in popular and entertaining style.

Checks and moneys to assist in meeting the general expenses of Hartiey House should be sent to Warner Van Norden, treasurer, No. 28 Nassau-st.

volunteers to land on the Louros side, and the IN MEMORY OF JAMESTOWN.

AMATEURS PRESENT MILTON'S MASQUE AT ITS SETTLEMENT CELEBRATED BY THE FOUNDERS AND PATRIOTS.

OFFICERS ELECTED AND AN ANNIVERSARY DIN-NER HELD AT THE WINDSOR-THE BAT-

TLE OF LEXINGTON RECALLED. The Order of Founders and Patriots of America a meeting in the Governor's Room in the City Hall yesterday afternoon to commemorate the 290th anniversary of the settlement of Jamestown, Va., in 1607. It was the second annual meeting of the General Court, and Colonel Frederick D. Grant, the governor-general, presided. The room was decorated with the American flag and the colors of the order. Representatives from several

An official report indicated that the order had a membership of 340, and was rapidly growing. Membership is limited to those having ancestors who settled in the United States before 1657. A resolution was passed expressing regret at the death of Rear-Admiral Richard W. Meade, who member of the order, and a handsome engrossed testimonial was presented to Congressman James J. Belden, of Syracuse, who gave a dinner to the order at the Hotel Manhattan on July 2 last

general, Colonel Frederick D. Grant, New-York; deputy-governor-general, William Armstrong Haley, Newark, N. J.; secretary-general, John Quinc Adams, New-York; treasurer-general, Jonathan Flynt Morris, Hartford, Conn.; attorney-general, Morris P. Ferris, New-York; register-general, Howard S. Robbins, New-York; historian-general, Professor Thomas Egleston, New-York; chaplain-gen eral, the Rev. Joseph F. Folsom, Kearny, N. J.; councillors-general, Henry Hall, Colonel L. G. Hopkins, Thomas W. Bicknell, Edward P. Cone, Major Francis L. Hills, James J. Belden, Edward P. Chapin, L. E. Chittenden and C. C. Wolcott. A committee was appointed to make a record, for preservation, of all the Colonial graveyards in the

The society held a dinner in the evening at the Windsor Hotel in honor of the General Court of the Order on the first anniversary of its organization. Incidentally the society celebrated the 290th anniversary of the settlement of Jamestown. The National colors predominated in the decorations of the large dining hall. Over the guests' table was also draped a Founders' flag, designed for the order by the late Rear-Admira; Richard W. Meade. It showed the cross of St. George on a white field, and in the upper left hand corner a wreath of white stars upon a field of blue.

cross of St. George on a white field, and in the upper left hand corner a wreath of white stars upon a field of blue.

Judge William W. Goodrich, governor of the society, presided, and among those present were Colonel Frederick D. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Robbins, John Quincy Adams and Miss Adams, the Rev. Daniel F. Warren, Dr. S. S. Burt, General and Mrs. Ferdinand P. Earle, Stephen M. Wright, secretary of the Order of the Sons of the American Revolution; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Payson Cone. Charles Snow Kellogg, Major and Mrs. Robert E. Hopkins, Major and Mrs. H. S. Turrell, U. S. A.; James H. Hoadley, Henry A. Hoyt, George R. Howe, John Winslow, Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Morris, Warner Van Norden, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Weeks and Miss Weeks, Dr. Alfred K. Hills, Colonel and Mrs. Lewis C. Hopkins, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hinnan, Matthew Hinman, Francis Durando Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. George Clinton Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Harry D. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Flint Morris, Mr. and Mrs. D. Lamar, Colonel Ralph E. Prime, Colonel Charles A. Jeweil, cx-Consul Max Golfinser, of Mannheim, Germany; Dr. J. A. Kennefick, Mrs. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Champion, Mr. Hart and L. E. Chittenden.

Judge Goodrich spoke briefly in introduction, reminding his hearers of the significance of the date. Judge John Winslow read the paper of the evening, which was entitled "The Battle of Lexington as Viewed in London by Lord Mansfield and a Jury in a Trial of John Horne, Esq. for Libel on the British Government." The paper described how, when the news of Lexington reached London, John Horne denounced the attack of the King's troops, and proposed a subscription of file for the relief of the "widows, orphans and aged parents of our beloved American fellow-subjects who, faithful to the character of Englishman, preferring death to slavery, were for that reason only inhumanely murdered by the King's troops at or near Lexington and Concord, in the Province of Massachusetts, on the 19th day of April." Horne's trial, which resulted in his being sentenced

month in prison, aroused intense interest and the strongest feeling.

Colonel S. C. Hopkins explained the project of the order for making records of the gravestones of all of the thirteen original States. The committee that has this project in hand consists of Colonel Hopkins, Dr. Edward Eggleston, Howard S. Robbins, the Rev. E. S. Forbes and Edward Hagaman

A MILLION FOR EACH FRANCHISE.

HENRY J. BRAKER'S OFFER FOR THE SIXTH AND EIGHTH AVE. RAILROADS LAID BEFORE THE BINKING FUND COMMISSIONERS.

At a meeting of the Sinking Fund Commissioners yesterday Charles H. Butler, as attorney for Henry J. Braker, presented a letter on the subject of the purchase of the Sixth and Eighth avenue railroads. In his letter Mr. Butler invited attention to the fact that Mr. Braker had offered the city \$1,000,000 for each franchise, in addition to the amount required the franchises to be subject to regulations fixed by the Railroad Commissioners, Common Council or other properly appointed officers, as well as to the regular franchise tax. He proceeded to point out that as the last-named amount equalled the annual interest at 4 per cent on \$2,500,000, all of which was in excess of the city's present income from the roads, the acceptance of the offer meant a practical extinguishment of \$4,500,000 of municipal indebtedness, and he therefore asked, on behalf of Mr. Braker, that the Commissioners would appoint a time when the offer could be presented to them in all its details.

At the request of Mr. De Forrest, counsel for the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, the provision in the proposed franchise relating to the Liberty-st. ferry was stricken out. Then the Mayor moved to refer the questions involved in Mr. Butier's application to the Corporation Counsel. Recorder Goff opposed the motion and urged that the counsel for Mr. Braker be heard at length.

Controller Fitch asked Mr. Butler if he had satis-

Controller Fitch asked Mr. Butter in me and sates fled himself that the Sinking Fund Commission was the proper body to which to present the petition. Mr. Butter replied that the Sinking Fund Commission was charged with the preservation of the city's property, and in a matter in which \$4.000,000 was involved he thought he had a right to be heard. General McCook took the same view as the Controller, and although the Mayor opposed, the letter was referred to the Corporation Counsel with a request that he would state what the jurisdiction of the Commission was before June 1.

After the meeting Controller Fitch informed Mr. Butter that he would give him a hearing without waiting for the Corporation Counsel's opinion. Mr. Butter has asked that the Controller give him a hearing next Tuesday.

W. Hiam McCarroll, chairman of the Committee on City Affairs of the Board of Trade and Transportation, has addressed a letter to President Jeroloman, of the Board of Aldermen, asking that a hearing be given to the committee in regard to the proposed change of motive power by the Eighth Avenue Rallway Company. The letter says that the privilege should not be granted unless at least \$5,000,000 is paid by the companies to the city. fled himself that the Sinking Fund Commission was

THE EIGHTH AVENUE LINE IMPROVEMENT. At a meeting of the Washington Heights Progressive Association last evening, a committee of five was appointed to aid in expediting the Metro-politan Street Railway plan of introducing electric motive power on the Eighth-ave, line.

C. C. BALDWIN'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of C. C. Baldwin, Naval Officer of the Port of New-York, who died at his Newport home on Wednesday, will be held at Trinity Church, this city, to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock.

The officers and employes attached to the Naval Office yesterday met and adopted resolutions on the death of Mr. Baldwin. The resolutions were pro-

the death of Mr. Baldwin. The resolutions were prepared by a committee consisting of H. W. Gourley, Special Deputy Naval Officer; D. J. Hagerty, Deputy Naval Officer; A. W. Green, C. G. Clark, J. E. Sage and C. C. Caswell, chief cierks, and Charles B. Sweeny, auditor.

The Executive Committee of the New-York Life Insurance Company passed resolutions yesterdage expressing its regret at the death of Mr. Baldwin, who had been a member of the Finance Committee of the company since 1862, and was also the chairman of the Building Committee in charge of the construction of the new home office of the company.

ROCHESTER THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY. Rochester, May 13.-At the commencement exerises of the Theological Seminary to-day the ing officers of the union were unanimously elected President, George L. Stedman, Albany; vice-presi president, George L. Stedman, Albany; vice-presidents, the Rev. George C. Baldwin, Troy; Isaac G. Johnson, Spuyten Duyvil; the Rev. Wayland Hoyt, Philadelphia; the Rev. E. Lathrop, New-York; the Rev. J. T. Seeley, Pittsford; Charles G. King, Cleveland; Jerome Preston, Jamestown; the Rev. David Moore, Geneva; the Rev. A. S. Hobart, Yonkers; Henry Kirke Porter, Pittsburg; the Rev. Henry M. Sanders, New-York; Eugene Blackford, Brooklyn; the Rev. W. C. P. Rhoades, Brooklyn; Justus Milter, Troy; the Rev. Horace H. Hunt, Fairport; the Rev. Adelbert S. Coats, Buffalo; the Rev. Orrin P. Gifford, Buffalo; recording secretary, Austin H. Cole, Rochester; Board of Trustees, for members for three years from May, 1887, the Rev. Robert S. MacArthur, New-York; Daniel A. Woodbury, Rochester; Cyrus F. Paine, Rochester; Henry A. Dester; Cyrus F. Paine, Rochester; Henry A. Dester; Cyrus F. Paine, Rochester; Henry A. Berwin, Cleveland; Albert R. Pritchard, Rochester; Andrew J. Townson, Rochester; Henry A. Sherwin, Cleveland; Albert R. Pritchard, Rochester; Horsce H. Hunt, Fairport. A PERFORMANCE OF "COMUS." LEFT THE CORPSE BEHIND.

HELICON HALL.

A dramatic performance absolutely unique character was given last evening at Helicon Hall. the home of the Rev. John W. Craig, in Englewood. It was a presentation of Milton's "Masque of Comus" by amateurs. The most of the actors. too, had all the usual limitations of amateurs, but several of them did so commendably, and the manner of the presentation was so unusual and so pretty, that the whole exhibition was uncommonly enjoyable. A performance of "Comus" of any sort is sufficiently unusual, and the opportunity to hear the verse spoken intelligently and by persons in thing. But the most remarkable thing about the performance was the place in which it was given. Helicon Hall is a large house, and it has a long and wide court in the middle of it. The court covered with a glass roof, which is rather necessary at such a time as last evening, with many floating mists abroad. But it has grass plots, a basin with a fountain, a brook and many palmi and other trees and plants rich in leaves and flowers. In this court, with the audience all around in the adjoining rooms and on the higher balconies, the masque was performed, and it would be hard to find any other place indoors so appropriate for

a sylvan drama. Nymphs, quite as decorously dressed as was conststent with recognized notions of such folk, sported about this space and joined in joility with creatures once men, but now, alas: transform by the wicked art of Comus into the semi-semblance of beasts. Here the Attendant Spirit watched over the Lady and her brave brothers, and here the Crew of Comus, with many a mop and mow, spread the tables with the cates that were designed to tempt the Lady, and placed for her the enchanted chair, from which she could

were designed to tempt the Lady, and placed for her the enchanted chair, from which she could not move till the spell of Comus was broken by Sabrina, though she had saved herself from a worse fate by her steadfast refusal to taste the "cordial julap" from his bowl.

The title part was played by Evert Jansen Wendel, who was picturesque in appearance and clear and firm and spirited in action. Miss Alice Harrington was commendably true of purpose as the Lady. One of the most pleasing performances of the evening was that of the Attendant Spirit by Miss Evelyn M. Piedler, who recited Milton's rather difficult verse with true appreciation, and sang the songs with a delightfully fresh and clear voice. Misses Delia Wilder and Amy Hill brightened up the scene as butterflies, and did a pretty dance. The other parts were thus distributed: First Brother, James Laidlaw; Second Brother, Robert Remsen Laidlaw; Sabrina, Miss Estelle G. Platt; Comus's Crew, Misses Ethel Bracher, Edith Craig, Jessie Laidlaw and Mary E. Thomas, Mrs. Van Benschoten, Talcott Banks, Gilbert Burdette, Everett Kimball, Whitney Manatt and Harry Timan; Grasshopper, Stanley Sweet; Fawn, Fenton Gilbert; Spider, Reginald Sweet; Piper, Philip Babcock; Mandolin Player, Miss Edwina Babcock; Guitar Player, Miss Belle Babcock; Nymphs, Misses Alice Barber. Constance Barber, Dorothy Craig, Eleanor Craig, Margaret Gibney, Agnes Laidlaw and Dessie Laidlaw.

UNION LEAGUE CLUB MEETS.

NO ACTION TAKEN AS TO THE CITIZENS UNION-GENERAL PORTER'S RESIGNA-TION AS PRESIDENT NOT ACCEPTED.

Members of the Union League Club who expected that an effort might be made at the regular meeting last evening to have the club indorse the Citizens Union were disappointed. There had been reports that some of the club members who have taken a prominent part in the organization of the Citizens Inlon might offer resolutions at the meeting of the club last night, but no effort to have the club commit itself upon that movement was made. Some of the members of the club said last evening that it would not be prudent to ask the club to take any stand upon that question at present. A letter from General Horace Porter, president of

the club, was read at the meeting, and in it General Porter offered his resignation as president on account of his departure to France. The club unanimously, and with much enthusiasm, passed a resolution refusing to accept General Porter's resigna-

lution refusing to accept General Porter's resignation, Resolutions of regret for the death of Charles
B. Fosdick and James C. Reed were passed.
New members of the club elected last evening
are the following: William E. Taylor, No. 120
Broadway: William H. Young, No. 42 William-st.:
Joseph Wodell. Forty-second-st. and Fifth-ave.;
George H. Southard, Remsen-st., Brooklyn; John
Carstensen, Grand Central Station; Tracy S. Lewis,
Naugatuck, Conn.; Theodore Howard Banks, No.
23 Nassau-st.; Henry F. Cook, Sag Harbor, Long
Island; Thomas Bakewell Kerr, No. 120 Broadway;
Rufus B. Cowing, Jr., No. 133 East Seventy-eighthst.; Joseph C. Hoogland, No. 196 Wall-st.; William
H Smith, Jr., Jeddo, Penn.; Thomas F. Patterson,
No. 85 Franklin-st.; Thomas F. Shaw, No. 31 West
Fifty-first-st., and Hart B. Brundrett, No. 470
Broadway.

THE MAYOR FAVORS FUSION.

HE SAYS TOO MUCH IS AT STAKE IN THE COMING CAMPAIGN TO RUN A PARTY TICKET.

The members of Good Government Club B, the hundred-and-fourth-st., held a dinher last night at the San Remo Hotel, at Seventy-fourth-st. and Central Park West, at which a talk on municipal affairs and suggestions for the coming campaign were looked for. S. P. Carmichael, president of the club, presided at the repast, and speeches on non-partisanship in municipal politics were made by him and by Mayor Strong, School Commissioner Agar, the Rev. Dr. G. A. Bradley, of St. Agnes's Church, and C. N. Bovee, jr. The Mayor spoke of the Citizens Union and of his hope that candidates for the three principal offices would be nominated by a united movement. Too much was at stake to run a party man under a party ticket, he said, and sacrifices must be made. His opinion was that the Good Government men should go to work and get a man who would be acceptable to some party, but they must not insist on his nomination if not acceptable to a united movement. The man must acceptable to a united movement. The man must be nominated regardless of his politics and be one who would be acceptable to all factions which might take part in a united movement.

NOT TO BE READY FOR SEVERAL DAYS.

COMING REPLY OF CITIZENS UNION MEMBERS TO MR. PLATT-SETH LOW AND THE MAYORALTY

Members of the Executive Committee of the Citizens Union were in consultation yesterday afternoon over a reply which they have decided to make to the recent criticisms of Senator Thomas Platt, but it was said that they were not ready to make the statement public and might not be ready for two or three days longer. One reason for delay was said to be a desire to have the organization of Assembly district branches of the union in Brooklyn pushed forward and to have

union in Brooklyn pushed forward and to have some prominent Brooklyn men appointed members of the Executive Committee before the committee makes a statement.

Reports received by officers of the Citizens Union are to the effect that some of the labor organizations in Brooklyn will form branches of the Union in order to advance the movement to make Seth Low the candidate for Mayor. Mr. Low is said to be popular with the members of the Brooklyn trades-unions, and it is asserted that they are willing to form branch organizations of the Citizens Union if he is to be named as an independent candidate for Mayor, and if he is not supported by one faction of the Brooklyn Republicans.

THE MOVEMENT APPEALS TO HIM. Charles B. Spahr, vice-president of the Social Reform Club, sent a letter yesterday to the headquarters of the Citizens Union, indorsing the pur-poses of the organization. Mr. Spahr says that the movement appeals to him strongly, because it

movement appears to him strongly, because it unites Civil Service reform with public ownership of franchises. With Civil Service reform, Mr. Spahrbeileves the operation of municipal franchises might be extended so that public work now left to private corporations might be performed directly by the public at the lowest rates, with a view to the largest possible public service.

A. W. TENNEY SAYS IT'S ALL BOSH. Asa W. Tenney, the former United States Dis-

trict-Attorney in Brooklyn, yesterday contradicted a report that he had filed an application for appointment as Collector of the Port of New-York. That is all bosh!" he said positively. Then he leaned back in his chair and put one foot on his desk in his law office, at No. 206 Broadway, taking desk in his law office, at No. 256 Broadway, taking the attitude of a man who was well satisfied with his condition. "My friends think I ought to have an office of some kind," he said, smiling, "and I was spoken to about the Collectorship some time ago, but I am not worrying. If the Collectorship is offered to me I am pretty sure not to refuse it, but I do not know that any special effort is being made to secure such an appointment for me."

DARTMOUTH-WILLIAMS DEBATE. Hanover, N. H., May 13.-Dartmouth won the

second annual debate from Williams to-night on the proposition: "Resolved, that it is desirable that municipalities in the United States having a population of 25,000 or more, own and operate all plants for supplying light, water and surface plants for supplying light, water and surface transportation." Dartmouth's side was the affirmative. Her speakers were Frederick Everett Shaw. '97, of Lynn, Mass.; George Abbott Green, '98, and Ernest Paris Beelman, '98, of Brooklyn. The Williams debaters were Harry D. Nims, '98, of Concord, N. H.; Damon E. Hall, '97, of Williamstown, Mass., and Frederick Bacon, '98, of Toledo, Ohio.

WIDOW SAILS ON THE ST. LOUIS THINK-ING HER HUSBAND'S BODY ON BOARD.

THE COFFIN LABELLED "ARTHUR SCROGGS, DROWNED AT SEA." LAY FOR TWO DAYS AT

THE GRAND CENTRAL STATION-THE

BURIAL WAS TO BE IN ENGLAND.

Mrs. Arthur Scroggs, her daughter Ena, and a governess, Miss Scoville, are speeding to Europe on the American Line steamship St. Louis for Southampton. They left this port yesterday. Mrs. Scroggs believing that the body of her sailor husband was in the forehold of the vessel. As a matter of fact, it is not. Sealed in a metallic coffin, the body now lies in the Morgue, and will probably be buried in a day or so in Potter's Field.

Arthur Scroggs, thirty years old, who was owner and master of the steamship Spinster, was in sight of land with a fair breeze and good weather several weeks ago. Then a huge wave suddenly deluged the decks of his vessel. The young captain was at the wheel at the time, and was swept overboard, The vessel was stopped and an attempt made to

rescue him, but after an hour's ineffectual effort the search had to be abandoned, and the vessel started on its way to Victoria, British Columbia When off Shock's Harbor the body was finally recovered and was taken to Victoria. There Charles Hangood, an undertaker, placed the body in a metallic coffin for shipment to England, an order having been obtained from

Ernst Compton, the Coroner, Mrs. Scroggs wanted the body sent to England, as that was her husband's home, and it appears that she understoed that the undertaker would give direcbody shipped via New-York

tions to have the body shipped via New-York through to England.

There was some misunderstanding, however. The undertaker only billed the body to New-York, and it arrived at the Grand Central Station last Monday, and after remaining there for two days it was transferred to the Morgue. Mrs. Scroggs, thinking her instructions would be obeyed, engaged passage on the St. Louis by a telegram from Chicago, and she gave no thought to the transfer of the body from the railroad to the steamship. railroad to the steamship. railroad to the steamship.

Because of the misunderstanding there will be a number of complications, undoubtedly, and the final disposition of the body is a question to

the determined by the future.

The only means of identifying the body was by a plate on the coffin bearing the inscription:
"Arthur Scroggs, drowned at sea."

OBITUARY.

RICHARD W. BURROWES. Bichard W. Burrowes died at his home, No. 114

South Sixth-ave., Mount Vernon, yesterday morning. Mr. Burrowes, for more than fifty years, was prominent as a civil engineer, having been engaged on such enterprises as the Union and Canadian Pacific Railways, the Grand Trunk and roads in South America and Trinidad. He was a charter South America and Trinidad. He was a charter member of the American Society of Civil Engineers and a member of the Canadian and London Societies of Engineers. He was also a member of the Board of Trade of Mount Vernon. Mr. Burrowes was born in England in 1823, and was a descendant of Lord Robert Burrow, of Cavan, Ireland. He caves a widow, one daughter and three sons. The funeral will be held this afternoon in Trinity Episcopal Church.

CHARLES F. LAWRENCE.

Charles F. Lawrence died Wednesday at the Windsor Hotel after a brief illness. He was born in Pepperell, Mass., in 1842, and, coming to New-York in 1860, entered the banking office of his brother, who was a member of the firm of L. S. Lawrence & Co. Upon the death of his brother, Lawrence & Co. Upon the death of his brother, nearly twenty years ago, Mr. Lawrence succeeded him in business, the firm name being Lawrence, Frazier & Co. The firm formerly occupied offices on the site now occupied by The Tribune Building, but later removed to the Bennett Building, in Nassau-st, About five years ago Mr. Lawrence retired from business. He was a life member of the New-York Athletic Club.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, the burial being at Pepperell, Mass. The palibearers will be Colonel O. H. Payne, Dean Sage, H. O. Havemeyer, Charles Frazier, Herbert L. Terrell, William P. Chambers, Chauncey S. Truax, Dr. C. Rice, G. B. Schley, J. D. Goin, Frank Harris and Mr. Marshall.

JAMES BRAND.

James Brand, an old and well-known New-York

merchant, died at his home, No. 27 West Forty-seventh-st., on Wednesday. Mr. Brand was born at Dumfries, Scotland, more than seventy years ago. Thirty-five years ago he came to America and began to build up an export and import commission business. His first office was in lower Broadway, and he removed successively man-st., Cliff-st., Burling Slip and Fulton-st., where his business is now conducted. Among the commodities of which he was a large importer were cement, hatters' furs and china clay, while were cement, hatters' furs and china clay, while his exportations of cheese and butter were heavy. He was a member of the Stock Exchange and the Building Material Exchange, and was one of the early presidents of the St. Andrew's Society. He had been for many years president of the trustees of the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Brand leaves a widow, whom he married before he came to this country. The funeral will be held at the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church to-morrow morning. The burial will be private. Mr. Brand had travelled extensively, having crossed to Europe many times and also visited India and

to Europe many times and also visited India and other Asiatic countries. He had been ill for about COLONEL THOMAS B. SWANN. Charleston, W. Va., May 13 (Special).-Colonel Thomas B. Swann died this morning, aged seventytwo. He commanded a Confederate battalion in the war, and afterward was a prominent attorney and Republican politician. His wife is a first cousin of General Grant.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 13.-Senator Chandler P. Chapman, former Adjutant-General of Wisconsin, Chapman, former Adjutant-General of wisconsing died suddenly of paralysis last night. He distinguished himself during Governor Rusk's administration by suppressing the Milwaukee riots.

Kansas City, Mo., May 13.—Colonel Frank M. Bacon, aged fifty-six years, of Chanute, Kan., is dead at Gueda Springs, of heart failure. Bacon was a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor when Governor Glick was elected; was Register of the Oberlin Land Office during President Cleve-land's first term, and succeeded John Richardson as chairman of the Democratic State Central Com-

Topeka, Kan., May 13.-C. M. Foulke, until recently and for many years general claim agent of the Santa Fe Railroad, died here to-day.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

YESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO-DAY'S FORECAST. Washington, May 13.—The pressure continues low in the Atlantic and Gulf States and the central valleys, also on the Rocky Mountain plateau. An area of high preson the Rocky Administration of the Northern Rocky Mountain slope. The barometer has risen on the Rocky Mountain slope and on the Northern Rocky Mountain plateau and remained stationary in the other districts. The temperature is lower in the Upper Mississippi and the Missouri valleys, also in the Aldele Atlantic Coast. Heavy rains have occurred in New-England and the Atlantic and East Gulf States. Showers are reported in the Mississippi and Missouri val-leys. Unsettled weather and showers are indicated for New-England, the lake regions, the Ohio Valley, also near the North Atlantic Coast Friday, with generally fair weather in the Guif States and the Rocky Mountain dis-tricts. The temperature will be lower in the Ohio and Middle Mississippi valleys and warmer on the Rocky Mountain slope.

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY For Maine, New-Hampshire and Vermont, showers in the orning probably fair in the afternoon; southerly winds. For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, showers: southwesterly winds.

For Eastern New-York, partly cloudy weather, with occasional showers; southerly winds. For Eastern Pennsylvania and New-Jersey, generally fair, except showers near the coast; southerly winds.
For Western New York, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio,
partly cloudy weather, with showers; light southerly

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS

HOURS: Morning. Night. 30.0 29.5

In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line represents the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

was cloudy, with frequent showers. The temperature ranged between 62 and 68 degrees, the average (65% degrees) being th degrees lower than that of Wednesday and th lower than that of the corresponding day of last year. The weather to-day will continue unsettled, BADLY BITTEN BY A BULLDOG.

A SMALL BOY IN DANGER OF DEATH TROM THE

· ENCOUNTER. George Kraus, eight years old, of No. 187 West One-hundred-and-first-st., is lying at the Man-hattan Hospital at the point of death from severe injuries and shock received in an encounter with a vicious buildog at the foot of West One-hundredand-first-st., about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon George took advantage of his mother's absence from home at noon to play "hookey," and instead of going to the West One-hundred-and-fourth-at. school, which he attends, he went to the pier at West One-hundred-and-first-st., and, clambering upon a Sound scow, of which Thomas Thompson is captain, began to play.

Captain Thompson owns a vicious white bulldog, which has an unenviable reputation. soon as the dog espled the boy he sprang at soon as the dog espled the boy he sprang at him, and sinking his fangs in the calf of the lad's right leg dragged him to the ground. The blood spurted from the wounds, and the boy's cries attracted the attention of Patrick Lyons and Thomas McCarthy, two laborers near by, and they rushed to the spot. They beat the dog off with bale sticks, but the animal returned to the attack with redoubled fury. Not until the vicious brute had sunk his fangs in the boy's leg again did the men succeed in heating the dog off and chasing him away. The men then called Policeman Day, of the West One-hundredth-st, station, who summoned an ambulance from the Manhattan Hospital. There, the surgeons said that the shock to the lad's nervous system was so great that he would in all likelihood die.

FERRY RENTALS INCREASED.

The Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners yeaterday fixed the rental of the Pavonia Ferry at terday fixed the rental of the 1st was last year. Sil, 180, which is \$1 180 more than it was last year. The leasing of the East Twenty-third-st. and the Thirty-ninth-st. Brooklyn ferries was laid over.

premium medats awarded; more agreeable to the tast smaller doss than other Magnesia. For sale only in thes with registered trade-mark label.

DIED.

ALLEN—In Framingham, Mass., on May 9th, Alleten Allen, formerly of Lewell, Mass., aged 86 years.

BALDWIN—At his residence in Newport, R. I., C. C. Baldwin, Wednesday, the 12th Inst., at 2 o'clock p. E. Funeral service at Trimity Church, Broadway, New-York, on Saturday morning, May 15, at 10:30 o'clock.

Executive Committee.

CHURCH—On Wednesday, May 12, 1897, at the residence of her sister, No. 113 East 65th-st., Harriet Trumbull, daughter of the late John Barker and Maria Trumbull Church.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral St. Bartholomew's Church, corner 44th-st.

Interment New-Haven, Conn.

GAUFFREAU—On May 11, suddenly, at her residence,
No. 20 West 12th-st., Louisa Gauffreau, in the 85th
year of her age.

Relatives and friends and those of her nices, Louisa
Raburg, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral
from St. Vincent de Paul's Church, 23d-st., between
6th and 7th aves, on Friday, May 14, at 10 o'clock.

KERR—In Brooklyn, on the 13th day of May, 1897, at the
residence of her brother-in-law, John Arbuckle, Miss
Agnes R. Kerr.

Internent at Allegheny City, Penn.

Internent at Allegheny City, Penn.

KNOX-May 13, 1897, Dorothea Knox, aged 63 years,
Funeral from the Church of the Holy Communion, corner
20th-st, and 6th-ave., Saturday, May 15, at 1 o'clock.

LAWRENCE-On Wednesday, May 12, 1897, at the Windsor Hotel, New-York City, Charles F, Lawrence.

Funeral services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, 6thave., above 45th-st. New-York, on Friday, May 14, at
4 p. m.

Interment at Pepperill, Mass.

PIERSON-On Translay morning, May 11, at East Co-

son.
Funeral from her late residence, No. 10 Prospected,
Friday, the 14th, on arrival of 2:30 train, D., L. and
W. R. R., from New-York. THOMPSON—At the homestead, Mendham, N. J., ea. Weinesday, May 12, 1897, Robert Thompson, aged 56 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral at the hamestead, on Saturday, May 16. at 11 a.m. WRIGHT—On Tuesday, May 11, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. William A. Ferdon, No. 206 West 1335-st., Sarah E. Wright, widow of Robert Wright, and daughter of the late William and Susan Varian. Funeral services Friday morning at 10:39 o'clock.

Brand—The officers and members of the St. Andrew's Saciety of the City and State of New-York are requested to attend the funeral services of their ex-president, the late Mr. James Brand, at the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church, corner 224-st., on Saturday, the 15th current, at 10:30 a. m. Interment private, 1. J. KENNEDY TOD, President, GEORGE AUSTIN MORRISON, Jr., Secretary,

Tayleure—Veterans of the 7th Regiment are requested to attend the funeral service of William W. Tayleure. Third Company, at St. Ann's Church, cor. Livingston and Clinton sts. Brooklyn, on Friday, May 14, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m.

L. G. WOODHOUSE, Colonel.

Woodlawn Cemetery.
Office, No. E. 23d-st.
Woodlawn Station (24th Ward) Harlem Railroad.

Special Notices.

CREAM OF CUCUMBERS

unequalled for the prevention and cure of chapped dis and face. Just the thing to keep the skin soft and both during the spring months. Junction 5th Ave., Broadway and 25th St., 5th Ave., cor. 47th St., and 355 Columbus Ave. At Home Photographs. We will send artist to photograph you in your homes day or night within 50 miles of city. Cabinet Photographs \$10 per dezen. Travelling expenses extra. Rockwood, 1440 Broadway.

Postoffice Notice.
(Should be read daily by all interested as changes may Cocur at any time.)
Foreign mails for the week ending May 15, 1897, will
close (promptly in all cases) at the General Postoffice as
follows:

The ANNATIANTIC MAILS.

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS. follows: TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

SATURDAY—At 6:30 a. m. for France, Switzerland, Italy Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Espyr and British India, per s. s. *I.s Hourgone, via Havre; at 6:30 a. m. for Germany, Denmark, Sweden, Norway (Christiania) and Russia, per s. s. *Aller, via Brømen (letters for other parts of Europe, via Cherbourg, must be directed "per Aleir"); at 8 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per s. s. Schiedam, via Amsterdam (letters must be directed "per Schiedam"); at 8 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per s. s. Amsterdam, via Rotterdam (letters must be directed "per Amsterdam"); at 8 a. m. for Gena, per s. s. Ems (letters must be directed "per Ems"); at 10 a. m. for Scotland direct, per s. s. Furnessia, via Glasgow (letters must be directed "per Furnessia"); at 11 a. m. (supplementary 12:30 p. m.) for Europe, per s. s. *Etturia, via Queenstown.

*PRINTED MATTER, ETC.—German steemers salling on Tuesdays take printed matter, etc., for Germany, and specially addressed printed matter, etc., for other parts of Europe. American and White Star steamers on Wednesdays, German steamers on Thursdays, and Cunard, French and German steamers on Saturdays take printed matter, etc., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mail.

After the closing of the supplementary transatiantion mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French and German steamers, and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.
WEST INDIES, FTC.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.
WEST INDIES FTC.

SATURDAY—At 8:30 a. m. (supprementary 10 a. m.) for
Leeward and Windward Islands, per s. s. Fontabelle
detters for Barbados, Grenada, Trinidad and
Tobago must be directed 'per Fontabelle');
at 10 a. m. supplementary 10:30 a. m.) for Cape
Haitl, Gonnives. Felit Goave, Carthagena, and
Santa Martha, per s. s. Kitty; at 10 a. m. supplementary, 10:30 a. m., for Fortune Island, Jamalca,
Savanilla and Greytown, per s. s. Alleghany
(letters for Costa Rica must be directed
'per Alleghany'); at 10:30 a. m. for Campeche, Chiapas, Tabasco and Yucatan, per s. s.
Yucatan (letters for other parts of Mexico and for Cuba
must be directed 'per Yucatan'); at 10:30 a. m. for
Haitl, Cumana and Carupano per s. s. Prins Willem III
(letters for other parts of Venezuela, Curacao, Trinidad,
British and Dutch Guiana must be directed 'per Prins
Willem III'); at 11 a. m. (supplementary II:30 a. m.)
for Venezuela and Curacao, a.so Savanilla and Carthagena, via Curacao, per s. s. Venezuela, at 11 a. m. for
Rio Janeiro and Santus, per s. s. Roman Prince (letters
for other parts of Brazil must be directed 'per Romas
Prince').

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Cuba Cose at this office daily at 7:30 p. m. Mails for Cuba steamers sailing (Mondays and Thursdays) from Port Tampa, Fla. Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 2:30 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. †Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day. TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

mail closes at 6 p. m. previous age.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China and Japan, per s. s. China (from Sea Francisco), close here daily up to May 14 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per s. s. Olympia (from Tacoma), close here daily up to May 15 at 6:39 p. m. Mails for Australia, which are forwarded via Europe). New-Zealand, Hawaii, Fiji and Samoan Islands, per s. s. Alameda (from Sea Francisco), close here daily up to May 122 at 7:30 s. m., 11 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. (er on arrival at New-York of s. s. Umbria with British mails for Australia). Mails for China and Japan (specially addressed only), per s. s. Empress of India (from Vancouver), close here daily up to May 124 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for the Society Islands, per ship Gailice (from San Francisco), close here daily up to May 25 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Australia (secept West Australia). Hawaii and Fiji Islands (specially addressed only), per s. s. Aorangi (from Vancouver), close here daily after May 122 and up to June 1 at 6:30 p. m.

couver), close here daily after May 122 and up to couver), close here daily after May 122 and up to 1 at 6:30 p. m.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit, †Registred nail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

CHARLES W. DAYTON. Postmaster.

Postoffics, New-York, N. Y., May 7, 1507,